

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/

14454 55.10

HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY



BOUGHT FROM THE

AMEY RICHMOND SHELDON FUND



	,
·	

		. •	
·			;
	·		
			:
			! i
			:

THE GOSSIPS GREETING:

QR, A new Discouery of such Females meeting.

Wherein is plainely fet forth the fundry forts of thole kinds of Women, with their fenerall humors and Conditions.

Very pleasant and delectable.



LONDON,
Printed by B. A. for Henry Bell, and are to be fold at his Shop in Bethelem at the figure of the
Summe 1620

• 1 HARVARD COLLEGE LIBRARY BOUGHT FROM THE AMEY HICHMOND SHELDON FUND



TO THE COVR-

TEOVS AND FRIENDLY

Reader, W. P. wishesh encrease of Health, Hapinesse, and Prof-

perity

Auing observed many courses and dispositions of people, I noted the several behaviours of lews liquing women: I speake not in thy discuine of the vertuous, for some there are of that sex, in vertue upparts and a people with the sex of the sex

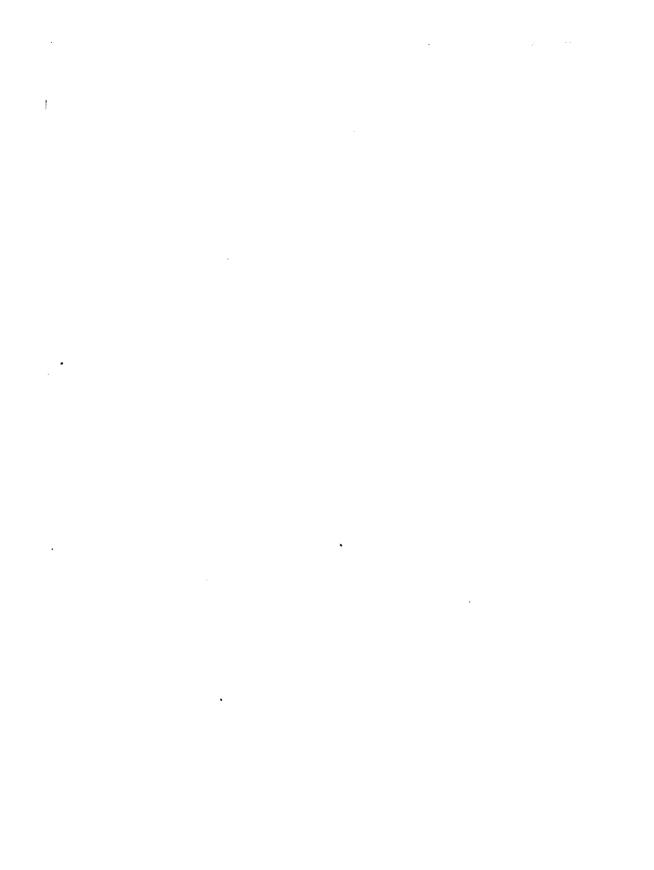
raield, but of the vicious, whose base behaviours briefely I means to express: Not any way tending (as particularly inclined) to taske any one particular woman with any incodinate or loose behaviour; but ingenerall all, whose wareclaymed resolutions so impiously inclined; cannot, not may be rectified, who (indeede) are not, or orghtnot, to be reputed Women.

I doubt not but I shall be carped at by many whose calumnious acculations I respect not: yet none will offer to reprone mee, but such whom it doth con-

A 3

cerne.

		·	
		·	
	·		



come, via. your quoridian Goffips, whose vhiquitary behaviour as it is most odious and detestable, so ought it in some fore, if not reclaymed, to be

reprodued

The discourcy whereof (relying your cuer courteens and generous dispositions) I am embold-ned (having nought else at this instant worthy your view) to present vnto you, being some part of my late idle houres imployment, befeeching you to dayne to patronize this my small labour, which if it shall find acceptance, it shall not only encourage me in some better worke, to manifest my duty to you wards, but also oblige mee in a matter of more worth, to acknowledge my varianted thankefulnesse vnto you.

It may bee some may say, that this subject hath sufficiently beene written on already; to whom I thus suswere, that albeit this subject hath beene sormerly written on, by most judicious writers: yet was I also often by many of my good friends, and

fome Tyour company here vnto follicited.

Others haply may refuse the patronizing hereof, because it is against women; so whom I likewise thus answere, it is fatre otherwise, for those truly are women, who do women like, demeane and behave themselves, both towards their husbands and in their families, of which most pious and happy sort you are most happily possest: as for those teminines which here are spoke of (as I (aid before) they are vnworthy. the name of women,

Thus.

to the Reader.

Thus hoping of your fauourable centures, I leave you to the tuition of the Almighty, who euermore keepe and defend all honest and good men from all such shee-Dinels.

Yours in all duty

W. Z.



	·	



TO ALL FAVOV-

RERS OF HONEST VVonien.

T may seeine strange to some, that women should: Be branded with a badge of Infamy: who when they first were framed of this mould, were as records do plainely verifie, Ordain'd to be to man a helpe and flay, And fo some are so beipe men to decay. Though strange it seeme, its not fo strange at true, That too tog many do most basely lines Tet that the vertuous stell may bane their due; To such respect too much we cannot give: For Come are loyall, louing shaft, and kind, Some affable and courteous as we find. In ancient Annals of antiquity: Lucrecia the faire, Romes chiefest glery. - For the true lone, and perfect loyalty, She bare her husband (as records the story) Being by a Lecher raush's gainft her will, Rather then wrong him , chofe her felfe to kill. Siza for loyall lone she bore her Peere, Is much cammended in the bely writ:

To all Vertuous Women.

Sulanna beld ber chaftity so deare, That not the Elders could abolifb it.

Thousands of such there are enem at this day,

But yet too few, too few I well may say.

For were there more of such in enery place,

So many tatling Gossips could not be, In towns and country, as (o heavy case) who so observes it may too plainely see,

whose course of life so odious is and enil,
That they may well be tearm'd imps of the Dinell.
Of whom, and whose proceedings beere I meane
Briefely to speake that men by me may know.
The diffrence twixt a woman and a queane.

Who only is a woman but in shew

For in ought elfe that moman may adorne,
She ne're was perfect, since she first was borne.
Tou vertuous Matrons, whose bright lamps do shine,
Be not offended that I heere vumaske
The Hidra-hissing Serpents of our time,
Tour chiefe abuses, let me do my taske,

And to the world your glories ile renew,
Confronting them that keepe from yee your due.
They are a crew, a Hellish crew God wet.
That only do vurpe a womans name,
who at the first were by the Dinell begot,
Toor chiefest glory is their chiefest shame.

Their ton nes are smoothly oyld, sweet are their words, And yet they cut worse then two edged swords. Their brests are harbourers of envious hearts, Their hearts are stored full of poysoned bate,

Their

To the Vertuuos Women.

Their heads sheir minds and all their other parts, with enill thoughts do still affociate:

Then needs must such be children of the dinell,
whose heads, hearts minds, and thoughts are alwayes
And of these Vipers there are diners kinds,
(enill:
The hest whereof is most obnecious.
whose false discembling doth the world so blind,

Dealing most vildly and permitious.

For Towne and Country gainst them do exclayme
Both old and yong and all of them complaine.
They are term d Gossips by a cunning name,
which name may very aptly be applede,
For they so long goe sipping to their shame,
That being in cups all men do them deride:

Few Alchouses or Tauerus of resort,
But of these Gossips can at large report.
These and their borrid bumors to the life,
Meane I to limbe, and Painter-like set out,
That men bereby may know a modest wise,
Whose careful lone doth ener got about

Her fame, and husbands credit to mainetaine, Mangre all guile that seekes the same to staine.

Since them the chiefest scope whoreas I aime,
Is truly twixt the good and had to show
A perfect difference that they both may plaime.
Vato themselves what is to either due:

Respect my worthlesse labour in good part, And in thy chosse, whether best skill and and art.

Thine w. P.

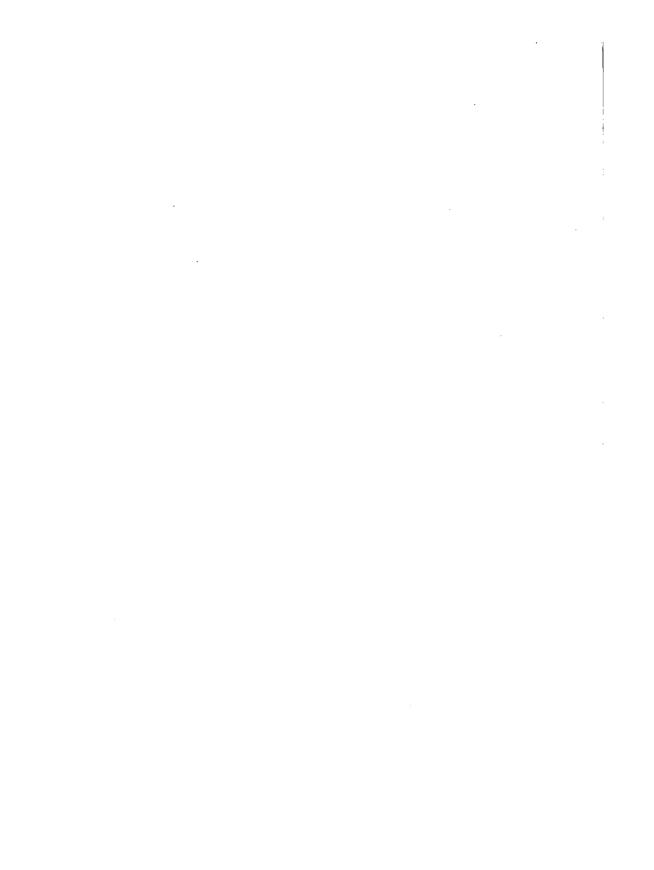
ZEZEZEZEZEZEZ

TO THE PROVD

PEEVISH, PAVLTRY, PERNItious shee-pot companions, those curious, carelesse, crastry, carping curtizanicall Gossips.

Z Lusb you bold Bayards, when you beere behold, Your worthlesse merits portraid to the life: Reforme those errors loofenesse bath enrould, Leane of your pettish prancks which are too rifes prby are you with vertue at debate and strife? If in your felues you looke, you plaine may fee, The horrid spots of your deformity, Pride makes your minds to mount above your states; Ambitious enuy harbors in your bearts, You are as flot bfull as unfortunate: And Anarice doth with his subtillarts, Predominate even in your chiefest parts: Nay all the senen deadly sins in one, Do simpathize in you their vnion. Blush monsters blush, (if any grace be left) For old and yong of you are much to blame: The discli of goodnesse hath you quite bereft, You, only you, do verifie your name, You are a woe to man, the mor's your shame, A woe to man indeede, which ought to prone, To man a comfort in the rights of lone,

Mon



To the Vicious Women.

Monsters you are in nature, most whind Fearelesse and carelesse, dangerous as Hell, None of you beare a modest womans mind, You do infest enen with your very (mell, The place is most abborred where you dwell.

All baplesse fortunes do on you attend, As base you line, so basely sball you end.

If certaine admonitions eannot cause You to desist from your detested life, why, yet let shame among you have applause, But shame I doubt me is not with you so rife, And modesty and you are at such strife.

That shamefull modesty nor modest shame, Can your destordered courses o're reclayme. Wherefore wato the patron of your pride, Of your loofs thoughts and inciniting Tour chiefe Schoolemaster, who doth you divide, I leave you for to learne deformity, who hash you tutor'd in impiety.

> Run headlong so him peele one day give more hire, To you for your merits, then you would defire.

> > Yours W.P.

The



THE HVMOVR

OF SOME GOSSIPS AS

they meete going vnto an vp-

'Wo common Gossips as it is the fashion: Being walk't abroad to take some recreation, Did meete by chance as they the fields did pace. Vnlook't for each with other in a place. Not far remote from where they did intend, In gossipping some certaine howres to spend: The place they aim dar, was (as I heard fay) Where newly brought to bed a childwife lay: These louing Gossips happily thus meeting, And having each to other given greeting, Did soone conclude to Tomplons wife to goe, For heere her husbands name we will call fo: Quoth dainty Dollas soone as we come there. We shall be sure to have most gallant cheere, As Capons, Rabets, Partridge, Woodcocks, Geele, Plouers, Quailes, dainties, purest fruite and Cheese, With store of Sugar, Marchpane, and sweete Suckets Marmalat, Biskets, Carrowayes and Comfits, Wherewith good Gossip we our selues may store Vntill



		·		

The Gossips greating.

Vntill our very Pockets doe rune o're: And as for wine, I am fure we cannot scape, Till we are stained with the purple grape: There may we safely sit, some certaine houres, Discoursing of owne and Husbands powers: There likewise shall we meete with neighbours store, Kindred, acquaintance, and with divers more, Who will be glad at heart to meete vs there, Besides we neede not now our husbands searcy For they are lafe I am fure, but Coffip lay, How fares our Gossip Kate this many a day. (Good foule) I have not seene her come from home, Quoth Besse she's overmastered by a moame, God helpe her wretch, she hath both her hands full, And worke enough to please a stubborne gull: Whilst all the weeke at home poore heart she toyle, Her Husband doth abroad live of the spoyle, And like a vnthrift commonly each day; At Tables, Dice, and Tennis, he doth play, Lewdly confuming what he neuer got-I forry am (Gossip) that it was her lot, Good pretty foole to meete with one so bad, Of whom there is no hope e're to be had; He beates and spurnes her, yet were that the wurst, I should not count her halfe so much accurate. But he base slave (Gossip) as I suppose, Doth keepe a Queane e'ne vnderneath her Nose: And cares no more for her, then for a straw, No longer then she line in scare and awe. I'st so quoth Doll, Lord Gossip who would deeme,

The Gossips greeting.

By his behaviour that he should esteeme. His wife so slightly, or so churlish proue: Were I to chuse againe, I ne're would loue A civill man; a man to all mens fight. Louing and courteous, but by this good light, Gossip I see, and do perceive it now, That droffe is eaten by the stillest sow: That countenance and confeience feldome gree : Where one corrupt the other smooth we see. Gossip quoth Besse, beleeve me this is true, Besides I know her husband well enough, I will not say that Mistris Luce he loue: Besides there goe soule lies but some can proue, He loues his maid, and hath done many a day, Which though the know yet dates the not gainefay. Then fighing thus doth Dorothy reply: Gossip in sooth, even such a maid have I, For not long fince, but even th'other day, She closelly by her mafter talking lay, But I suppose I paid her in such lort That sheele have small delight againe vnto such sport. But tell me Gossip, pray when didy ou see, Our good friend mistris Pruner good woman she, Is a kind creature, and a gentle Duck. Obut quoth Besse (Gossip) she hath hard luck, She much is altred fince you faw her laft, Her goods are pawn'd, her Husband he lies fast, Good man in prison, they have nothing left, But are of goods and meanes and all bereft; Marry God forbid faith Dorothy agen,



 		· ·		
		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	And the second s	-
	•			

The Gossips greeting.

That such hard fate should hap to honest men:
I am forry that their state so low is brought,
And all their substance so consum'd to nought;
But 'tis no maruaile, I did still suppose,
Such dainty diet and such gallant clothes, (breake
Would one day (though 'twere long sirst make them
But what I thought, till now I ne're did speake
Come Gossip come, to end this chatting strife,
Let vs goe in to master Tomp some wise:
Wherewee'le carouse full cups to drive downe sorrow,
So after part, and meete againe to morrow.

These smooth tong'd Gossips quite devoid of shame, Are such that live in riot and excesse,

Never regarding a good huswives name,
But vnto meetings do themselves adresse:

VV here having stuft their Panches with the best.
Their tatling tongues shall never be at rest.
Till they have belcht vp all the venom'd hate.
That causesly they do their neighbours beare,
These are of Gossips a pernicious rate,

Husband nor houshold do they ought respect,
But them and their owne welfare do neglect.
They are not contented when they come to feast,
To feede and crameuen till their bellies crack.
But having stuft their gorges with the best.
Ought that is good being left doth goe to wrack.
Vhat in their bellies there they cannot put,

Devoid of manners, reverence or teare:

The Gosips greeting.

They primately cram in another gut,
They ne're respect no charge nor any cost,
So they may have it for their comming thither,
Theile bib carouse and brag, and prate and boast,
Till they are all drunke for company together:
Then each gainst other beedlessly exclaime,
This sort is bad, yet worser sorts remaine.



ANOTHER SORT OF PRAting Gossips and their homors when they

Three practing Gossips at a Bakehousemet,
And thought it long vntill their bread were set,
That they together might conserve and talke,
As altogether they did homeward walke,
Which priviledge the time would not permit,
For longer there they were constrain'd to sit,
Then they expected, staying to in,
Which caus'd them with each other thus begin:
Neighbours said one the richest of the three,
Wee'le have a meeting soone, if you leaguee,
The other twaine, did freely give consent,
So that before they from the Bakehousewent,
They did conclude, that betwirk two and three,

l'th

		*
		4

		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	•		

I'th after noone then should their meeting be. Where (quoth the second) Gossips shall we meete? Choole lome good Tauerne in some honest streete. Where for an houre we may private fit, And spend one pint, hang them that have no wit, What must our husbands know of cuery penny? Marry and shall, if e're they know of any: Nay (quoth the third) good Goffips learne by me, Ile teach you gull your husbands cunningly; Do you as Ile do, you shall ne're be cross. I often on my felfe bestow more cost, Then e're he thinks on, or thall ever know. If I fay I be feldome will fay no. VVeil Gossips (quoth the first) I should be glad, If I fokind a liquing husband had, If I at any sime change fee a friend, His icalous minde such Arges eyes do lend, That I can feldome haue a merry houre: Faith Gollegs (quoth the second) enem of that notice Is my curst husband to, his lealous head, Alwayes suspectesh that I wrong his beds If I at any time or place do chance, Mine eye vpon a fecret friend to glance, Straight he bewhoores me, and I leade a life, Far worse then death his icalouses so rise. Tut (quoth the third) yours o are fooles to me; But Gossips now l'Ie seil you where wee'le be, There is an honest house, harke in your care, You know my meaning Goffips wee'le meete there One of the Drawers there is my good faisned, Belides if you for any friend will lend.

A (hall be fetch't and brought you in a trice, Nay Goffips, I can tell you, once and twice. And many a time I have been emerry there, VV hen the poore foole my husband taking care, Hath bin at home contented with small beere. I and my copelmates have had wine and cheere. So to be briefe, they freely all confent, To make that house their place of merriment: So having parted, either homeword trot, To their poore husbands, who (good men) God wot, Till their returne can neither drinke nor eate, Because thei'r lockt out both from drinke and meate, Which when they thinke with quietnesse to take Their wives (with scoulding) make them to forfake: With scoulding they of purpose do begin, Because they thinke that saire meanes cannot win, Their husbands leaves, that they abroad may goe, Therefore by scoulding, whether they will or no, Thei'le force them yeeld, elfe shall they ne're be quiet, Or day or night, at bed or else at diet: And having chid their husbands out of doores These scoulding gossips (worse then common whore) Do forthwith hasten to the appointed house, Where being met, they folemnely carouse, Some vnto this friend, some to that friend drinke, Not one of them once on their husbands thinke: In any kind remembrance they poore foules, Are quite forgot in their caroufing bowles. But when they have well tipled close and round, Some one of them a question doth propound, Touching their husbands, which being begun, From

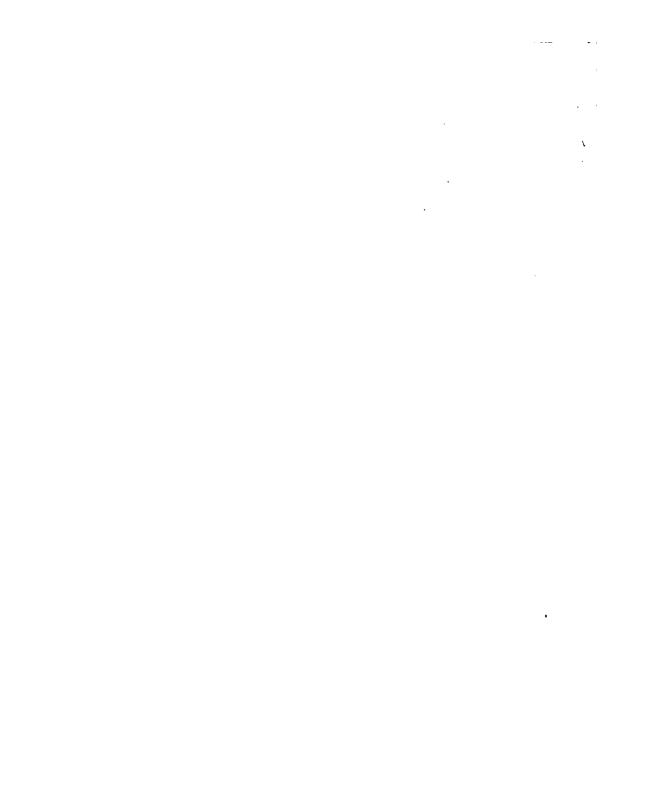
.

. .

From one to another it deth roundly, run. One layes, her husband's icalous, another replyes. Mine scuell and froward, the divell pull out his eyes. And min's a drunken droffell neuer content. Replyes the third, votill that all be spent. I Gosips, did you know the hand I have, Both night and day with a curft drunken knaue: You'd grieve I wis, and lay my cale were luch, Thatit can never pirtied be too much, If to my friends I chance for to complaine. The helpe God knowes is little I obtaine: For if to him they chance thereof to speake. When home he comes his spleene on me hee'le reaks And if his knawish secrets I conceale, And vnto none his villany reveale. He is as bad to me or rather worfe. /curfe: Hee'le feold, hee'le fight, hee'le flamp, hee'le fwear and So that no time or tide, can I have reft, Wherefore good golsips councell me the beft. And so ile drinke to you Gosips with my heart, What is the wine quite out? drawer another quart; Good Gossip call, lets not with dry lips part. Part with dry lips, Gossip, faith twere a shame, Twas not to that intent we hither came: Saves Bettris-boldface, boldeft of the three, But that we might together merry be, Drinke and carouse without respect or searc, Our husbands dreame not of our being heere. But should they know I would not thus much care, If mine were heere, we would have better fare, For Gossips shall I tell you, with much adoe,

Hc

He is made subject my defires voto. And as I at the Bakehouse said before, I was compel'd to foould, and ne're gine o're: Sometimes to cry, and fight and keeps a coile, Gossips god-wot. I have past many a broyle, E're I could make him subject to my will. Vic you your husbands to thei'le foone be fill: But Gods me Gossips, wherefore do we stay, Lets have our quarts a peece more e're we pay: Then when you please Gossips, let's part away. So to be briefe, having had wine good flore, And night at hand (vnwilling to give o're, Being reeling ripe) these tathing Gossips part, Yet e're they fourd they cal'd for each a quart: But what extremety the filly foules, Their husbands bide whill they are in their boules. Indge those that with such women peffered be, I'de wish my foe no greater misery, Then to be wrapt in such a plaguing woe, Where how to free himselfe he doth not know, But should consume the remnant of his life, In griefe and forrow with a froward wife. Which of themselues they do not take in hand, But from their tutrix which neere them do stand, A full pancht flut. After a crooked curtifie which doth straine, With luggage her posteriors to complaine, So what with that steem, her breath Tobaco smoke, All well ne're poylon'd, ready are to choke. These tailing Gossips whereof last I spake, Are such who ne're respect themselves nor fate:



And if they may a meeting vndertake, Then do they were themselves most formulate. And pecuifhly do in expences rup. Till both themselves and husbands are vadone. They are a lewd disdainefull idle lost. VVho full or fasting neuer are content. To scold at home, they hold it but a sport, Their chiefe delight's abroad in merriment, VV hat their poore husbands painefully obtaine. They do confume most idlely and vaine. Thei'le make their husbands stoope vnto their loure. And their owne will of force must be a law. Else the poore man shall ne're have merry houre, Hard is his hap, that so is brought in awe: Yet too too many by fuch creatures nought, Are vnto their vntimely ruine brought.

Ano

STEEN STEEN

ANOTHER SORT

OF ENTISING GOSSIPS

Shewing their fundry allurements, whereby they incite divers men to folly.

Nother fort of Golsips yet there are, Who with enticing words do men enforce, Which fort are more pernicious then the reft. For these with lewdnesse do them selves invest. Some being enclin'd to this vice fome to that. To theening, whoring, and I know not what, To diving, drinking, drabbing, not a fin, But chefe vile monsters boldly will run in: Of which bale crew some do leade maydens lives, Others (notknowne) do passe for modest wines-These making Siren's shew of purity, Only to hide their foule impicty: Do make their coynesse for their sin a Cloke, But if that men but truly to them loke, They foone shall find the errours they live is, And see how Tiburne punishesh their fin, The Citty Goffips nor the countrys may, Compare with the Subburbians, for they Do in the subburbs domineere and and roares. Each being a swagering swearer, and a whore, Witnesse those Gossips Turneball streets contains,

		·		1

And those likewise that in Pickt hatch remaine, The Garden Allies, Southwarke, the Banke-fide, As where almost do not such dames abide, Whose lives are most dishonest leastly led. Wronging their neighbours on their husbands bed. Your modest feeming maids that there do vie, Far worse then whoores in forraigne countrys stewes, Like blazing Comets do attract the eye, Of enery stranger that is passing by, And if they see their borrowed painted shapes, Deform'd in fashion like new fangled Apes, Be not of force sufficient to allure, Then Ciren-like theile vse another power: And with their Circan words fuch mulicke play, That soone perforce theile cause a man to stay. And thus they their allurements do begin, To tempt a man till they have got him in. The full paunch: Baude (that Dung-cart full of filth) Full of diseases, ever wanting health, Stands at some loopehole vaporing out of imoake, Like Etnas fulpherous fume; ready to chooke Any that but the smell thereof come neere, The heate thereof the doth not quench with beere, But with hot waters of the dearest rate, At which the bibs all times, early and late, So that with fire and water both being bot, She doth enflame that heate the long fince got: Which so portracts it selfe in this huge creature, That the is transformed in despight of nature: For where at first she stender was and small, Now is her body metamorphoa'd all, And

And made a foule deformed vgly for, Worse then that Chaos whereof Omid wrot. In thepe and fathion; when a man the fpyes. This hell-shap's monster doth from carowling rife. Hauing well neere smoakt, or drunke out her eyes. And to those gawdy Goffips soone doth show The party comming, whom though none do know. Yet to the dore they haft, and forthwish craue Acquaintance with the passenger to haue. No verser at Decoy (though free of h's trade) Can passe in versing the Suburbian lade. Good Sir the layer, valette I do mistake, You are my countrimans for countries lake Wilt please you Sir, your selfe for to repose: Whereat my Woodcocke being caught by thinose, Doth tell her plainly he's of fuch a fhire: I thought fo fure faith fhe pleafe you come neere For countreys sake weele drinke a lugge of Beere. Perhaps his leyfure seruing, and being free, This my your Nouice takes her courtelie. So in he goes, where many welcomes grace him, But ere he backe returnes theyl'e furely place him. So to be briefe, forthwith they call for beere, Which on a sudden is their chiefest cheere. Some puny puncke then askes him if heele cate, My foole being tickl'd, straight demands what meate Is i'th'house; another queane replyes, Nothing good Sir but what my Mistris buyes: But if you please, ere you vntrusse a poynt, My mistris (Sir) will fend for a good joynt. Good fifter let her, Taith my filly Affe, Bur



				•
			•	

The Gofups greeting.

But here take money fifter, for by th'maffe I do not loue to go vpon the fcore. When that is spent, pray come to me for more. So having money tane, and eke perceiping That he's a man most fit for their receising: My minion layer, the le to her mistresse go. Ere she the meate do buy her minde to know. So up to Miffresse Matron comes My sister, Euen as at first the fustilogs had wishe her: Leaning my Coxcombe with a whore or twaine, Vintill the from Matteffa comes againe, In which short time (short time) we may suppose, My light heeld wagtailes cunningly do gloic, And dowith many a fawning couloning wile, My ingenious wilard of his cash beguile. No fooner to Madona doch the come. Nay scarcely is the got within the roome, But the foule puft-fac't Vrchin asks her Maide. Whether the man or no below is flayd: Is for footh Mistresse, doth the maide reply: Then go faith the tell him that by and by: As soone as this Tobacco is drunks out, Ile come my felfe vnto him; I do not doubt But he hath money. Mistresse (the maid replies) I, and good flore too, therefore if you are wife, Good mistresse hasten downe, lest he should go, Wherewith my Bawde the pipe away doth throws And like a Beare batting wambled downe the flairer Vnto my newcome Nouice the repaires, And puffing with her hands on eather fide-Galping for wind, the foone my toole hath spide;

And with a pockie falutation dropke full. She gives a welcome to my new-come gull. Which on his lips the doth confirme with killing. Withing him speake to her if ought be missing: This sudden kindnesse so vnlookt for kowne. To him being there a stranger neuer showne: Thinking her by her habite for to be A modest Matrone of civilities Which is indeed a Diuell for villanie. Doth so befor my youth, that he neglects Himselse and businesse, and nought else respects. But what may please this poylon'd Toadcand those. To whom thus carelelly he doth repole Himselfe and safetie: so desires to know What wine upon the filth he may bestow. For my part faith the Bawd, if you'll bestow. Ought vpon me; this I must let you know, Tobacco and strong water is my diet, ... Without both which (being ficke) I have small quiet. Wherewith for both he suddainly doth call, And thereto with them doth most roundly fall. Vntill his wits begin for to be funcke, Which when the Bawde perceives, the cals a puncke, And whilpers her forewith, without delay To vie her skill and so she parts aways The puncks thus mutor'd (yet well skill'd before) Do either of them play the thecuish whore; And with their diving, some there does obtaine My Coxcombs coyne (being in a drusten vaine,) Which once being purchast, then these crasty whores, Twixt drunke and lober, turns him out of dores.

			1
			1
			1
			1

	·			·	:
		·			

If he be one of spirit that they thus gull, He will not leave them fuch another pull: He'le venture, but from them he'le backe regaine, What they from him by cheating did obtains. It's not long fince a countriman of mine. having amongst them spent both Beere and Wine, They plaide vpon him long, yet which was worle, One pickt his pocket, and thence got his purse, Which when he mist, being well stuft with gold, My lustic fooldier with a courage bold, Told them all plainly, ere he thence did go, Hee'd haus his purie, whether they would or no. So fearthing narrowly, mongst them he espide His purse, within one of their stockings tide Neere to her hammes, which ere he thence could get, Two peeces of the gold fae thereout fer, The one whereof, willing to haue: the other He gaue the whore, and so her these did smother These forts of gossips I need not explaine, Both towns and countrie of them do complainer They are too well knowne to many, to their coft, Who if they should of their expences boast, They might (as others) who have had like loffe, Come home as they did all by weeping Croffer This fort is shamelesse, searchesse, of all law, Not of the Diucil do they fland in awe, To whom, valette in time their lines they mend,

FIN 15.

As to their a

I de then commend.

•

		·		
			٠	
				٠
•				

٠. , : . ·

This book should be returned to the Library on or before the last date stamped below.

A fine of five cents a day is incurred by retaining it beyond the specified time.

Please return promptly.



SEP 1 0 1998



